€ KCM-XJ5M Multi-Loop Controller Instruction Manual

1. Features:

The temperature controller has 4 channels of analog Signal 4-20mA sensors input and 4 channels of temperature controls.4 kinds of combinations of temperature set value, PID constant, alarm set value, etc.

1.1.Input Sensor Types

Thermocouple (temperature input): K, J, T, E, S

Resistance thermometer (temperature input): Pt100, CU50

Or Current input (analog input): 4 ~ 20 mA DC, 0 ~ 10 mA DC depending on the controller model.

1.2.Control Outputs

- a. Relay output: relay contact: 250 V AC, 3 A (Resistive load)
- b. SSR output: DC 0/10v voltage output (for driving SSR)

depending on the controller model.

1.3. Adjusting PID Constants

Can be easily set the optimum PID constants by performing AT (auto-tuning) with the limit cycle method.

1.4. Standard Alarms (OPTIONAL)

Relay contact:250 V AC, 3 A (Resistive load).

Can be output an alarm when the deviation, process value, set point, or manipulated value reaches a specified value.

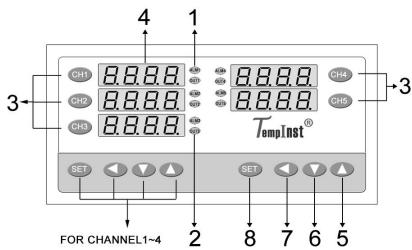
- 1.5 Sampling Time: 2 sec
- 1.6.Use this controller within the following allowable range:

Allowable ambient temperature: -0 to +55 °C Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 85 % RH.

2. Dimensions:

hxwxd(Unit: mm) 160x80x85 Panel cutout 152x76

3. Parts Description:



1 ALM: lamp Lights when Event occurs

3 Channel key:

You can press 'CH1~5 for 3 seconds to enter into corresponding channel menu.

5 Up key:

Increase numerals.

2 Output lamp: Lights when output is turned on

4 PV display:

Displays Measured value (PV)

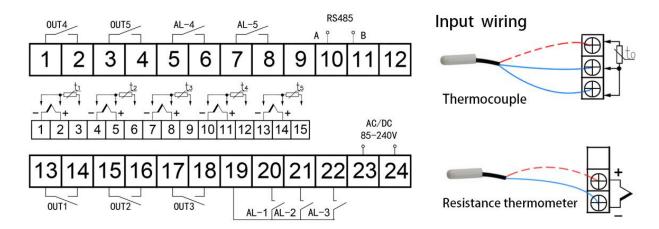
6 Down key:

Decrease numerals

7Shift key: Shift digits when settings are changed.

8 Set (SET) key: Used for parameter calling up and set value registration.

4. Terminal Arrangement:



This wiring diagram is offered for example purposes only.

Tip: Correct terminal arrangement depending on the actual model.

5. Parameters

ID	Symbol	Name	Manual	Setting	Ex-Factory			
	Symbol Hamo manaal		marradi	range	Ex Tuotory			
The publi	The public parameters(First level)							
0	Lock	Set data lock	LOCK=18, Set data unlock	0~50	18			
U	LOCE	Set data lock	LOCK≠18, Set data lock.	0.30	10			
1	Ł	PID control	DID control recognize time	2~120	10			
I	E	cycle.	PID control response time	2, 120	10			
2	оРЬ	Communication	0:no output;	0-2	1			
2	oro	Communication	1:RS232 or RS485;	0-2				
3	Rdd	Address	Communication address can be set from 0	0-255	1			
3	n00	Address	to 255	0-255	'			
4	ხჩიძ	Baud Rate	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600;	0-4	1			
The Para	meters of	each channels(Sec	ond level)					
			1.temperature input:TC: K, J,E, R, S, T					
E	C _	Input type	RTD:Pt100 ,CU50					
5	Sn	Input type	2.Analog input ,Fixed input type per	-	-			
			channel					

18	P5 L	Range low	type and Input range.	\sim P-SH	-
17	P5H	Range high	The control is displayed after the Input	P-SL~9999	-
16	dР	Decimal point position selection	Set the position of the decimal point for the measured value to be displayed.	0~1	0
15	CoL	Hot/Cold	0:reverse control(heating) 1:positive control(cooling)	0~1	0
14	нч	Differential gap	When the control is ON/OFF control(P=0) Relay contact may repeat its turning ON and OFF due to input fluctuation if measured value (PV) is near the alarm set value. the differential gap setting can prevent the relay contact from ON or OFF repetition.	0.1~50.0	1.0
13	ЯŁ	Auto tuning	1: AT with learning start 0: AT with learning stop	0~1	0
12	d	Derivative time	Prevents overshoot and/or undershoot caused by integral action effect	0~2000S	100S
11	1	Integral time	Eliminates offset occurring in proportional control.	0∼3000	500
10	Р	Proportional band	Set when PI or PID control is performance. For heating / cooling PID action. When P=0,the meter is ON/OFF control	1~100	0
9	5C	PV Bias	The value set in the PV bias is added to the actual input value to correct the input value.	±20.0	0
8	RL	Alarm set value	please refer to ALP for the alarm mode suitable.	by P-SL P-SH	200
7	5P	Setting value	Set the temperature set value (SV) which is the target value for control	Determined	100
6 RLP Alarm ty		Alarm type	3:Deviation High alarm; 4: Deviation low alarm; 5:Deviation high/low alarm; 6:Band alarm.	0~6	1
			0: Alarm function OFF; 1:Process high alarm; 2:Process low alarm;		

6. Operation

6.1 First level menu setting

Press and hold the \bigcirc key for 3 seconds to go to the first level menu, the controller will display the parameter symbols (0 \sim 4) on the first LED display, and display the parameter value on the second LED

display.

6.2 Second level menu setting.

Press and hold the CH1/ CH2/ CH3 /CH4/CH5 key for 3 seconds to go to one of the channel menu level. The controller will display the parameter symbols ($5\sim18$) on the first LED display, and display the parameter value on the second LED display.

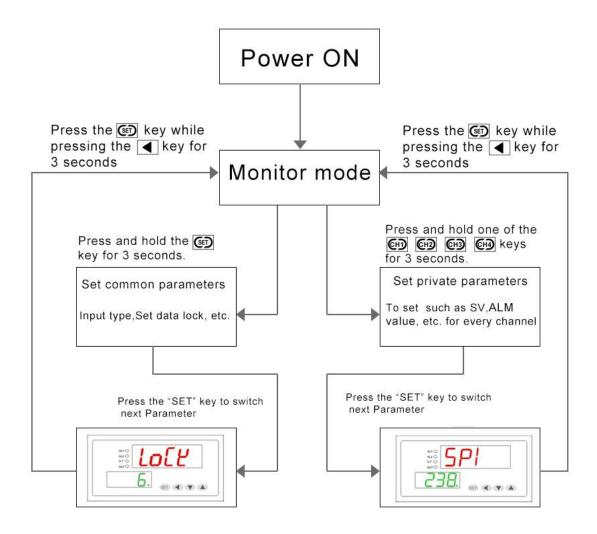
6.3 Parameter value setting

Press ◀ key to go to a different digit.

Parameters value can be changed by pressing the ▼ key or the ▲ key.

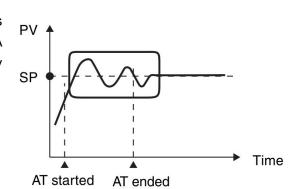
Press the \bigcirc key. The display changes to the next parameter and the new value will be stored. All the Parameters can be modified when $L \cap C = 18$.

Display returns to the PV monitor if no key operation is performed within 10 seconds, and the set value will be saved.



7. Determining PID Constants (Auto-tuning)

When AT is executed, the optimum PID constants for the set point at that time are set automatically. A method (called the limit cycle method) for forcibly



changing the manipulated variable and finding the characteristics of the control object is employed.

Set parameter HJ as 0.5, if the output is relay set the E as 10, then set the HE as 1, in this time the controller enter into **Auto-tuning**. PV window will alternately Display "AT" and PV value, control mode is on-off mode, after 3 times vibrating(3 control period) automatic save P, I, D parameter, the self-adjusting procession finished.

Attentions:

- -The parameters of 14: Hy,1: £,13: RE refer to 5. Parameters
- -when **Auto-tuning**, the controller should not change the set value.
- -When the power off during Auto-tuning, it will restart Auto-tuning next time.
- -When it need artificially exit during **Auto-tuning**, set the Parameter(AT) to 0 so that can exit, but the setting result will not be valid.

8. Alarm function[OPTIONAL]

Take example for channel 1 alarm					
Alarm function	Alarm status[ON]		Alarm status[OFF]		
RLP=1	PV1≥ALI		PV1<#LI - HYI		
RLP=2	PV1 ≤ ALI		PV1>ALI + HYI		
ALP=3	PV1≥ <i>5Pl</i> + <i>RLl</i>		PV1< 5PI + ALI - HYI		
RLP=4	PV1≤ <i>5Pl</i> - <i>RLl</i>		PV1> <i>5PI - ALI + HYI</i>		
RLP=5	Alarm status[ON]	PV1≤ <i>5Pl RLl</i>	OR PV1≥ 5 <i>PI</i> + <i>RLI</i>		
nLr=3	Alarm status[OFF]	5PI — RLI 🕂 H	191 < PV1< 5 <i>P</i> 1 + <i>R</i> L1 - H91		
	Alarm status[ON]	5PI — ALI ≤ PV1≤ 5PI + ALI			
ALP=6	Alarm status[OFF]	PV1< 5P1 — RL1 — HY1 OR			
Alaini status[Oi i j		PV1> 5P! + AL! + HY!			
The parameters of 7: 5위,8: 위기 ,14: 커넷 ,6: 위기 refer to 5.Parameters					

9. OUT Relay contact On/Off mode

Set the parameter of P (Proportional Band)=1, When P=0,the controller is ON/OFF control.

OUT function		OUT status[ON]	OUT status[OFF]			
positive control	P =0; CaL =1;	PV ≥ 5P + HY	PV ≤ 5 <i>P</i> — <i>H</i> Y			
reverse control	P =0; [aL =0	PV ≤ 5P - HY	PV ≥ 5 <i>P</i> + HY			
The parameters of 7: 5P, 10: P, 14: HY, 15:CoL refer to 5.Parameters						

10. Host communication based on MODBUS-RTU protocol [OPTIONAL]

The master controls communication between master and slave. A typical message consists of a request (query message) sent from the master followed by an answer (response message) from the slave. When master begins data transmission, a set of data is sent to the slave in a fixed sequence. When it is received, the slave decodes it, takes the necessary action, and returns data to the master.

10.1 Communication Mode:

Data bit length	Stop bits	Parity bit	Communication time interval
8-bit (Binary)	1,2	NONE	300ms

10.2 Message length of each function (Unit: byte):

Function code	Function	Query me	essage	Response message		
(Hexadecimal)	Function	Min	Max	Min	Max	
03H	Read holding registers	8	8	7	7	
06H	Preset single register	8	8	8	8	

10.3 Message format

Slave address	The slave address is a number from 1 to 255 manually set at the front key panel of the
	controller.
Function code	Refer to 2. Message length of each function
Data	The data to execute the function specified by the function code is sent to the slave and
	corresponding data returned to the master from the slave.
CRC-16	CRC-16: Cyclic Redundancy Check)

10.4 Read holding registers [03H]

The query message specifies the starting register address and quantity of registers to be read.

Slave address	Function code	Register	Quantity	CRC16			
	03H	address	The setting must be 1				
Example: The contents of the holding register 1001 Largetha read out from alove address 1							

Example: The contents of the holding register 1001H are the read out from slave address 1.

Query message: 01 03 10 01 00 01 D1 0A Response message: 01 03 02 **00 FD** 79 C5 Explain: 00FD=253,is processed as 25.3

10.5 Preset single register [06H]

The query message specifies data to be written into the designated holding register. Only R/W holding registers can be specified. The controller EEPROM had a life span of data written to the EEPROM less than 1000,000 times

Slave address	Function code	Register	Write data	CRC16
		address		

Example: Data is written into the holding register 0004H of slave address 1.

Query message: 01 06 00 04 FF 38 88 29 Response message: 01 06 00 04 FF 38 88 29

When input set value(SV) is -20.0,-20.0 is processed as -200,-200=0000H-00C8H=FF38H

10.6 No response

The slave ignores the query message and does not respond when:

- The slave address in the query message does not coincide with any slave address settings.
- The CRC code of the master does not coincide with that of the slave.
- Transmission error such as overrun, framing, parity and etc., is found in the query message.
- Set the Response Timeout >200ms and Delay between polls>200ms.

10.7 Register address list:

5 channels controller is composed of 3 channels controller and 2 channels controller, so it has two Slave address

Symbol Decimal point		Real Register	Holding Register		
Measured value(PV1~3)	YES	PV1: 1001H~PV3: 1003H	44098~44100		
Measured value(PV4~5)	YES	PV4: 1001H~PV5: 1002H	44098~44099		
Channel 1~3 :the default M	lodbus device address is	1, Channel 4~5 :the default of	device address is 2.		
The first public parameters (Refer to 5. Parameters)				
LocK	NO	0000H	40001		
And so on					
Baud	NO	0004H	40005		
The Parameters of channel	1 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)			
sn1(sn4)~ PSL1(PSL4)	-	0005H~0012H	40006~40019		
The Parameters of channel	2 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)			
Sn2(sn5)~ PSL2(PSL5) - 0013H~0020H 40020~40033					
The Parameters of channel	3 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)			
sn3~ PSL 3	-	0021H~002EH	40034~40047		

Refer to this link for more information on MODBUS-RTU Communication Protocol:

http://www.kcmeter.com/servicesread.asp?id=4

Or scan QR code for more information:



Character Symbols: This manual indicates 9-segment display characters as shown below.

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
R	Ь	E	В	Е	F	5	H	1	J	7	L	ō
N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	Υ				
П	o	P	9	۲	5	Ł	U	3				

11. Model and Suffix Code

Specifications	Model and Suffix Code							
Model	KC							
SIZE	160x80mm panel cutout :152x76mm	М						
Number of channel	5 channels		XJ5					
Number alarm	No alarm							
	1 Alarm relay out for each channel			1				
Input Type	Thermocouple, RTD, DC voltage or Current Fixed input type per channel M							
Control output	Relay output							
	Voltage pulse(for driving SSR)							
Power supply voltage	100 to 240V AC							
	24V DC							
Communications	RS-485(2-wire system: MODBUS-RTU)							RS
	RS-232(3-wire system: MODBUS-RTU)							RX